

# Synthesis of PREZODE co-construction workshops - International







- 1. Introduction by Prisca MUGABE University of Zimbabwe
- 2. African Region by Prisca MUGABE University of Zimbabwe
- 3. South East Asia and Pacific Region by Hung NGUYEN-VIET ILRI
- 4. Latin American and Caribbean Region by Gerardo SUZAN Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico (UNAM)





## Introduction

Presented by Prisca MUGABE – University of Zimbabwe

#### **Methodology: PREZODE's co-construction process**

The 3 phases of the regional workshops took place in the year 2021.





- COMMON VISION to tackle zoonotic risks
- **OBSTACLES**



- NEED FOR CHANGES
- ACTORS INVOLVED



- HOW TO PROMOTE CHANGES?
- WHICH ACTIVITIES ?



June 2021



September 2021



November 2021







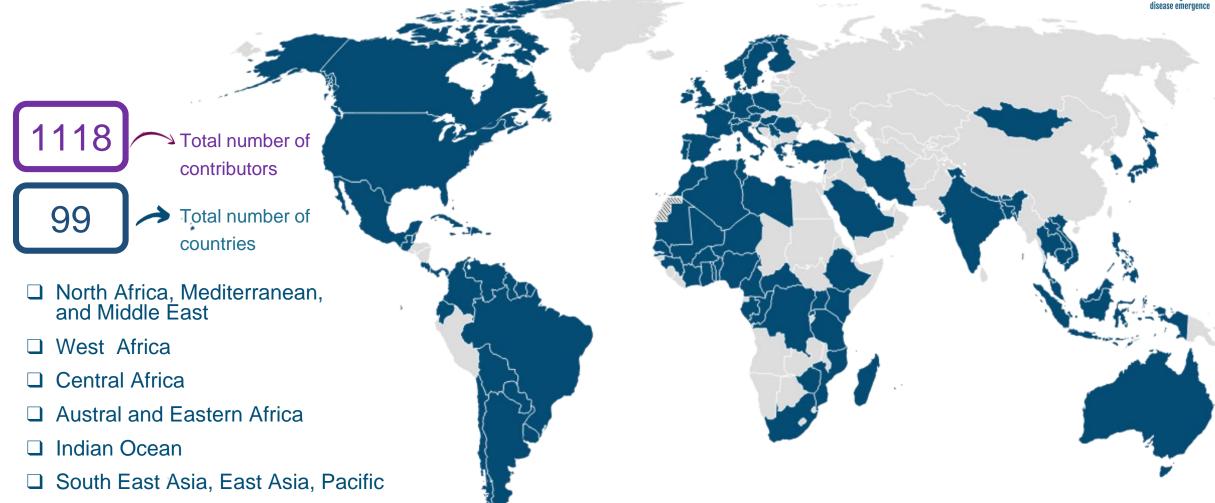




# PREZODE contributors to the co-construction process in 7 regions of the world





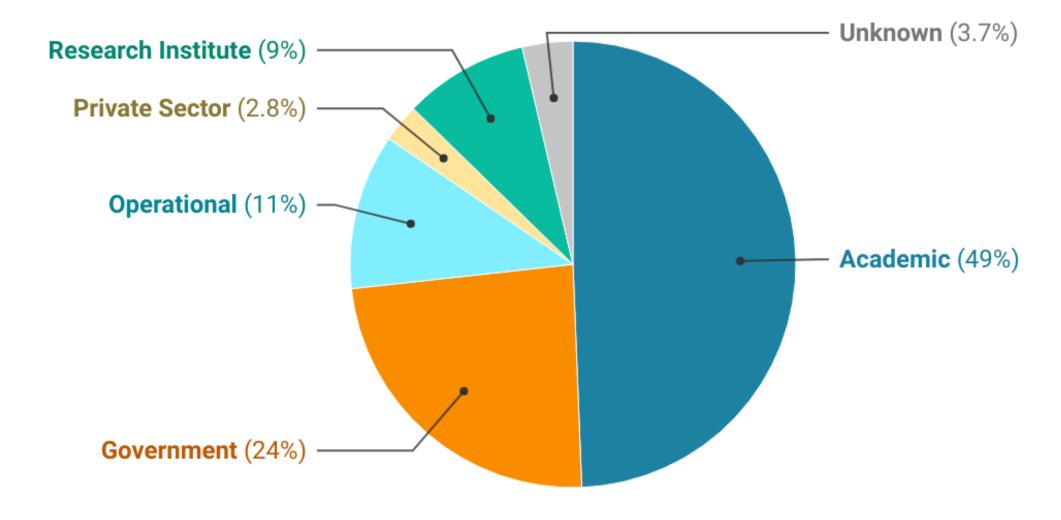




Latin America and Caribbean

#### PREZODE – contributors representation in terms of sectors







#### PREZODE in a few figures



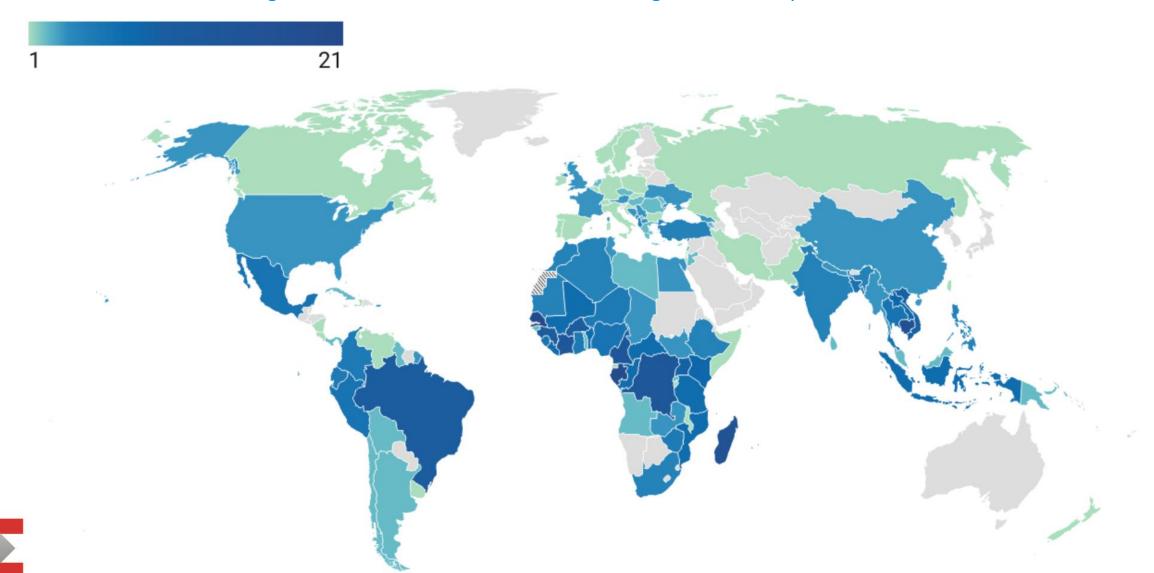




#### OTHER INITIATIVES in synergy with PREZODE – non exhaustive mapping



144 international and regional initiatives were mentioned during the workshops



#### Global vision, targets for all regions combined





In 30 years time PREZODE would have contributed to reduce the risk of zoonotic disease emergence by...

Building up sustainable zoonotic risks prevention frameworks

with a better understanding and management of risks



Empowering local communities / national stakeholders

in the reduction and early detection of emerging risks



Building up resilient socio-ecosystems while reducing pressure on biodiversity and environmental health

to contain zoonotic risks and ensure food security from wildlife and domestic animal production









Ensuring ethical practices considering inequities and development needs

of the countries and sharing of results and recommendations



Improving early detection & surveillance networks – from local to global





Strengthening
collaborations and trust
between sectors/levels/type
of partners – from local to global



Ensuring POLITICAL engagement– and evidence based policy changes





#### Example of Impact Pathway – All regions included- (from 585 identified)



Research & operational needs

How to ensure
long term
community engagement
for sustainable prevention
of zoonotic disease
emergence

## Intermediate / transformation needs

Local actors become aware of their importance in a sustainable zoonotic disease prevention system.

Decision makers understand and take into account the constraints and needs of local communities.

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



RISK MANAGEMENT



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



ETHICAL PRACTICES



POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT



#### Example of Impact Pathway – All regions included- (from 585 identified)



Research & operational needs

How to engage actors from all sectors in co-developing zoonotic risk reduction and early detection solutions?

### Intermediate / transformation needs

All actors understand the benefits of collaboration to reduce emergence risks

Public policies are articulated between local, national and international levels, as well as between existing networks

Research activities on zoonoses emergence are developed in a multidisciplinary way and have a common objective

Intersectorality and OH approach are integrated in university and training curricula

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



**RISK MANAGEMENT** 



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS



POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT







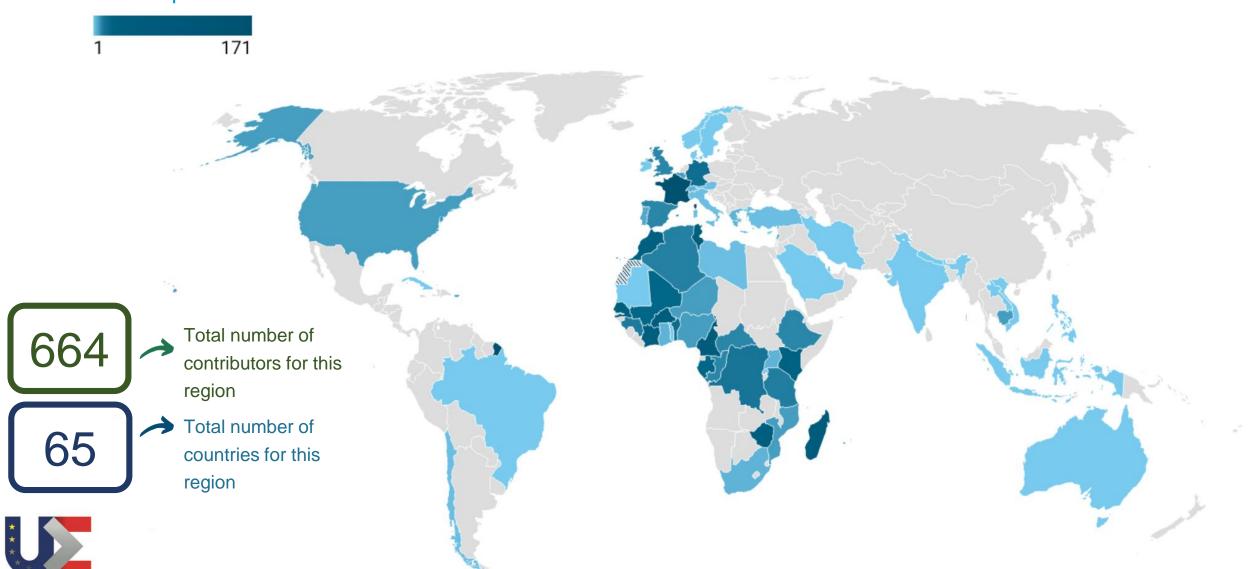
## AFRICA

Presented by Prisca MUGABE – University of Zimbabwe

#### **Contributors in AFRICA**



5 regional co-construction workshops took place in Africa in 2021. Here are the countries represented by our contributors for the 5 African regions during the workshops :



#### **Example of Impact Pathway – Africa – (358 identified)**



Research & operational needs

Understand and describe the mechanisms of emergence at the human animal environment interface

## Intermediate / transformation needs

Research capacity is sufficient and research provides scientific evidence on the emergence of zoonotic diseases, in relation to wildlife/domestic contacts and spillover risks.

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



**RISK MANAGEMENT** 



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS



#### **Example of Impact Pathway – Africa - (358 identified)**



Research & operational needs

How to sustainably engage decision makers in the prevention of zoonotic risk emergence?

### Intermediate / transformation needs

A sub-regional summit on the issues of zoonotic risk emergence improves the flow of information and puts the issue on the agenda

Citizens trust decision makers

Public aid is committed to the prevention of zoonotic risk emergence

Decision makers of the different sectors have a common vision and a long-term perspective

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



RISK MANAGEMENT



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



SURVEILLANCE NETWORKS



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS







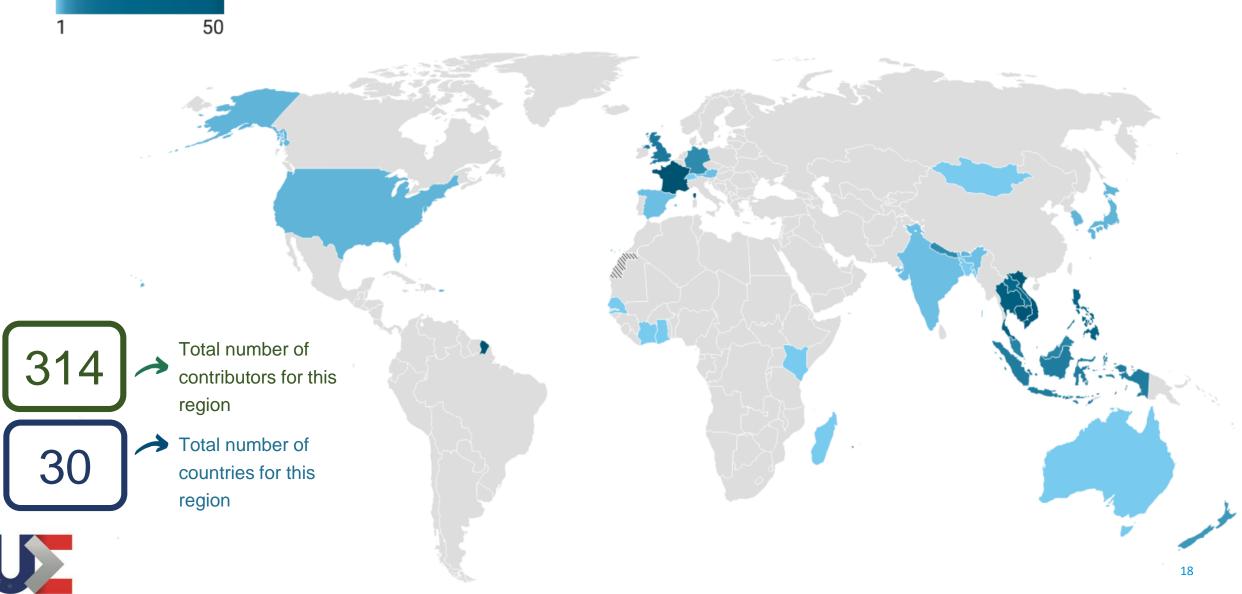
## SOUTH EAST ASIA - EAST ASIA - PACIFIC

Presented by Hung NGUYEN-VIET – International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI)

#### Contributors in SOUTH EAST ASIA, EAST ASIA, PACIFIC



Here are the countries represented by our contributors for this region during the workshops:



## Example of Impact Pathway – SOUTH EAST ASIA, EAST ASIA, PACIFIC – (140 identified)



Research & operational needs

How to define
a sustainable framework
for the prevention of
zoonotic risks
ensuring food security
and taking into account
socio-economic issues?

### Intermediate / transformation needs

Researchers and decision makers understand the communities before proposing solutions

Decision makers are trained, support and committed to OH approach

Research brought more knowledge about ecosystems, environment protection and interest of OH approach

Government and private sector policies stopped driving degradation of ecosystem and deforestation

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



RISK MANAGEMENT



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



ETHICAL PRACTICES



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS



## Example of Impact Pathway – SOUTH EAST ASIA, EAST ASIA, PACIFIC (140 identified)



Research & operational needs

What is the added value of integrated approaches to health for zoonotic risks prevention?

And how to evaluate it?

## Intermediate / transformation needs

Funds are dedicated to One Health approach evaluation

One Health approach is evaluated and researchers communicate in an intersectorial way on the results of such evaluation

Decision makers are using the result of the evaluation to define the policies

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



RISK MANAGEMENT



**EMPOWERMENT** 



ETHICAL PRACTICES



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS



POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT







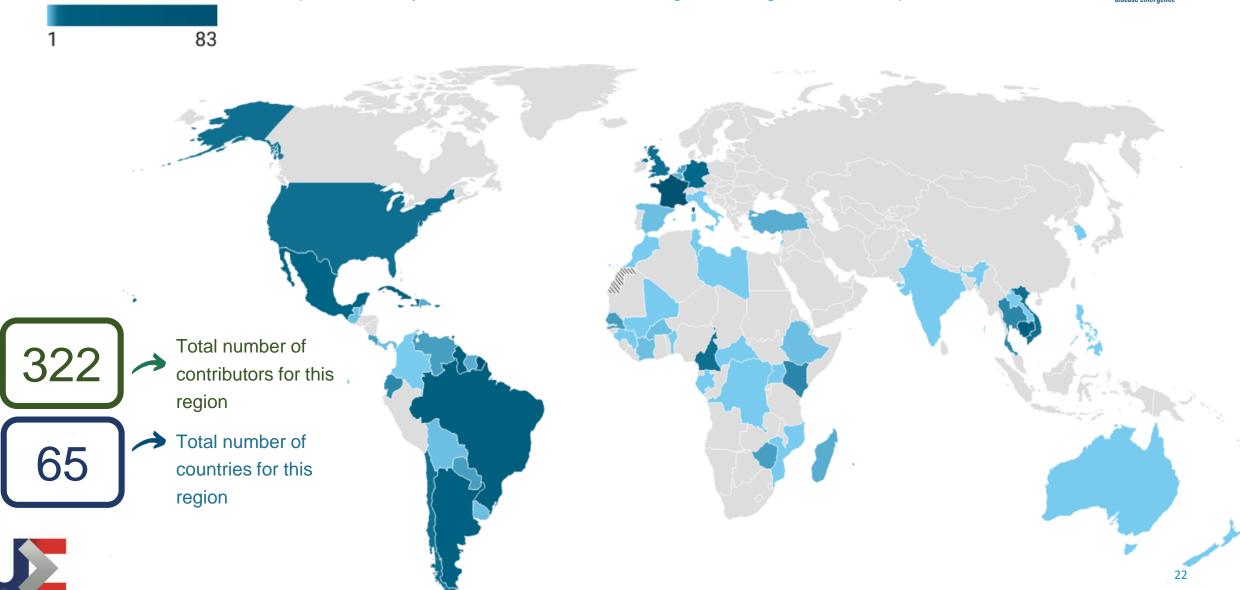
## LATIN AMERICA AND CARIBBEAN

Presented by Gerardo SUZAN - Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico (UNAM)

#### **Contributors in LATIN AMERICA AND CARIBBEAN**



Here are the countries represented by our contributors for this region during the workshops:



#### Example of Impact Pathway – LATIN AMERICA AND CARIBBEAN – (87 identified) PREZODE



Research & operational needs

How to empower local community/researchers and promote a bottom-up approach in the prevention of zoonotic risk emergence while ensuring ethical practices in terms of result and recommendation sharing?

### Intermediate / transformation needs

Policy makers, local communities and researchers are trained in the field

Surveillance activities and local actions are co-developed by the local communities

Solutions developed by local communities are integrated in their practices, ensuring their adoption

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



**RISK MANAGEMENT** 



**EMPOWERMENT** 



RESILIENT SOCIO-ECOSYSTEMS



**ETHICAL PRACTICES** 



SURVEILLANCE NETWORKS



POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT



#### Example of Impact Pathway – LATIN AMERICA AND CARIBBEAN - (87 identified)



Research & operational needs

Understand the mechanisms and barriers for intersectorial collaborations from local to central levels

## Intermediate / transformation needs

A portion of the funding is dedicated to planning interdisciplinary research programs and projects

Social sciences are included in projects

Policy makers are aware of the importance to consider intersectorial approaches

#### **Targets /Global Vision**



**EMPOWERMENT** 



ETHICAL PRACTICES



INTERSECTORIAL COLLABORATIONS



POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT





disease emergence

#### MANY THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

